



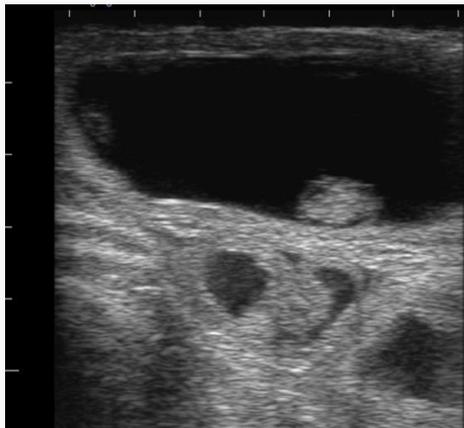
Ultrasound Scanning for Non-Vets

Three reasons why you should PD your own cows and maintain an excellent working relationship with your vet...!

Introduce further efficiencies on how you manage the fertility of your dairy and suckler herd. Treat the pregnancy diagnosis of cattle as a weekly task, like drying cows off and preventative foot trimming, minimising their waiting time and disruption of their daily routine.

It is important to know if your cows are pregnant, as the biggest gains in cattle fertility management are made by identifying those animals that are not in-calf, early. This is beneficial for cow and herd, further improving your productivity and finances.

Identify which cows are not pregnant early and present those to your vet to treat promptly. Save time and money, while you do that while maintaining your working relationship with your vet!



For more info visit: mendipvets.net/shop/cattle-scanning-for-non-vets

Sheep Scanning

Learn new skills, put them in action at your flock, improve management and yields.

Knowing whether your ewes are pregnant and how many lambs they are carrying is important.

This is significant in order to reduce twin lamb disease, devise an appropriate feed plan and minimise culling losses.

Would you like to practice external transdermal ultrasound scanning for your flock? Look no further as this course is for you!



For more info visit: mendipvets.net/shop/sheep-scanning

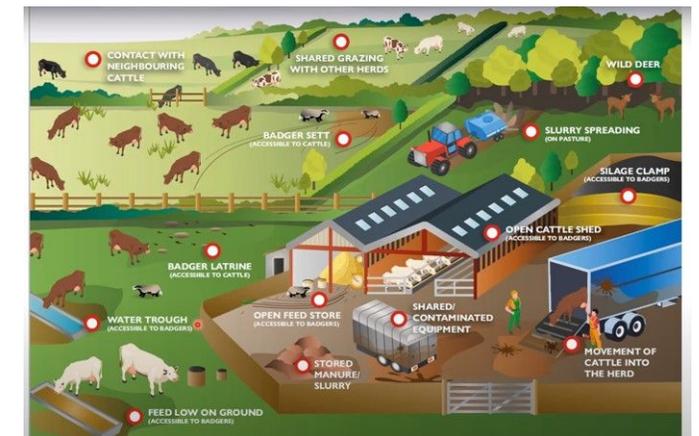
Tuberculosis

Fortify your cattle herd against Tuberculosis, while respecting the wildlife

The disruption on a rural enterprise caused by bovine TB is difficult to put in words.

The damage caused by TB is widespread and profound. From the loss of generations of breeding lines to the effect on our mental health, would be some of the relevant factors to begin with, but again these would only scratch the surface.

Through the CHECS TB Entry Level Membership we can help you identify and address as many as possible risk factors to Bovine TB. From genomic TB Advantage to restricting cattle access to runs, latrines and setts



For more info visit: mendipvets.net

Ultrasound Scanning for Vets

Hone in on ultrasound fertility examinations and clinical assessments, through a practical and interactive course.

An exciting project for all veterinary colleagues who wish to learn more or improve or test their knowledge on practical application of bovine ultrasonography, from diagnostic, to exploratory.

Interpreting an ultrasound scan is broadly easy, but maintaining PD prediction accuracy can be a challenge. In exploratory ultrasonography, distinguishing between the various organs can pose difficulties at times.

Hone in on ultrasound fertility examinations and clinical assessments, through a practical and interactive course. This course on bovine ultrasonography is farm and classroom based and involves a maximum of 2 delegates.

The organisers' combined experience brings in knowledge and images from the UK and the rest of Europe, Canada, US and New Zealand. Enhance your understanding on how ultrasound examinations are carried out in the UK and abroad.



For more info visit: mendipvets.net/ultrasonography

Cow Signals

Early warning system to keep on top of issues...

An increasing number of milk buyers are requiring that at least once a year a score of cows' mobility by an approved person is carried out on farm.

Not only lameness affects welfare and production, it can impact on your relationship with your milk buyer. Regular independent mobility scoring is the beginning of addressing the issues and ultimately reducing lameness.

We can train you to assess cow mobility, benchmark and analyse further data ranging from foot trimmer's findings to how long time cows are standing. All this is essential information in understanding the causes of lameness in the herd and help us improve hoofcare on farm



For more info visit: mendipvets.net/shop/cowsignals

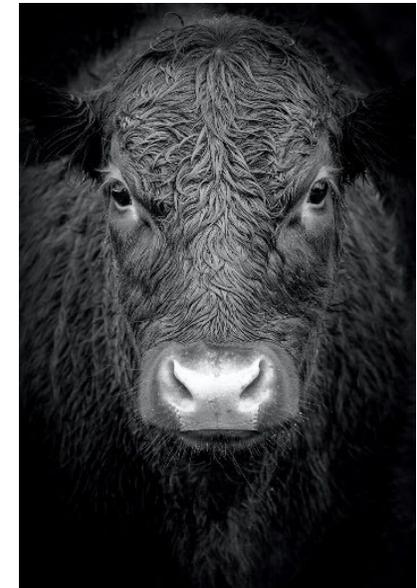
Fertility

50% of your calves' genetic make-up comes from the bull. What if the stock bull is infertile?

40% of bulls we semen test on average are subfertile or plainly infertile. This is consistent with Scottish studies in 2005 and US work also.

If a bull is sub-fertile or firing blanks, it is usually too late when it becomes apparent. Some of the signs are cows returning on heat and negative pregnancy scans. Seasonal breeding targets will be missed, ie 60% of cows PD+ within 6 weeks or 90% within 9 weeks. These have a considerable management and financial impact on the herd.

Pre-breeding or pre-sale examination with a relatively easy procedure, given the right handling facilities and can identify issues with subfertility or infertility



For more info visit: mendipvets.net/reproduction